BAKER (MICHAEL) JR INC BEAVER PA NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM, PAGE'S LAKE DAM NDI NUMBER PA --ETC(U) FEB 81 DACW31-81-C-0011 AD-A099 095 NL UNCLASSIFIED Lor 40 A 099095

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SUSTUEHANNA RIVER BASIN

SALT LICA CREEK, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY,

PENNSYLVANIA.

PAGE'S LAKE DAM

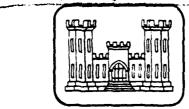
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Dam Duner Lakecide Outing Club

MAY 1 8 1981

PHASE I INSPECTION BEPORT.

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



prepared for

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers

Baltimore, Maryland 21203

prepared by

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

Consulting Engineers 4301 Dutch Ridge Road Beaver, Pennsylvania 15009

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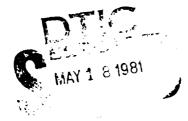
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SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN



PAGE'S LAKE DAM SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA NDI No. PA 00062 PennDER No. 58-5

> PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM



Prepared for: DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers Baltimore, Maryland 21203

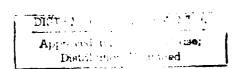
Prepared by: MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

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4301 Dutch Ridge Road

Beaver, Pennsylvania 15009

February, 1981



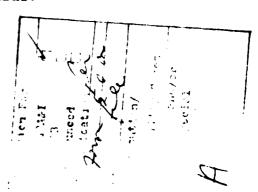
PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams," for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I Inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established guidelines, the spillway design flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. The spillway design flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.



PHASE I REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

Page's Lake Dam, Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania NDI No. PA 00062, PennDER No. 58-5 Salt Lick Creek Inspected 27 October 1980

ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL CONDITIONS

Page's Lake Dam is owned and operated by the Lakeside Outing Club and is classified as a "Significant" hazard - "Intermediate" size dam. The dam was found to be in good overall condition on 27 October 1980.

Hydraulic/hydrologic evaluations, performed in accordance with procedures established by the Baltimore District, Corps of Engineers, for Phase I Inspection Reports, revealed that the spillway will not pass the 1/2 Probable Maximum Flood (1/2 PMF) without overtopping the dam. A spillway design flood (SDF) in the range of the 1/2 PMF to the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) is required for Page's Lake Dam. The 1/2 PMF was chosen as the SDF because the dam is on the low end of the "Intermediate" size category in terms of storage. During the 1/2 PMF, the dam is overtopped by a maximum depth of 3.34 feet for a total duration of 11.83 hours. The spillway is therefore considered "Inadequate." It is recommended that the owner immediately initiate an engineering study to further evaluate the spillway capacity and develop recommendations for remedial measures to reduce the overtopping potential of the dam.

Several items of remedial work should be performed by the owner without delay. Item I below should be completed by a qualified professional engineer experienced in the design of hydraulic structures for dams. These include:

- 1) Initiate an engineering study to further evaluate the spillway capacity and develop recommendations for remedial measures to reduce the overtopping potential of the dam.
- 2) Fill the erosion gully located to the left of the spillway and reseed the area.
- 3) Remove the brush below the downstream face of the dam.
- 4) Remove the debris and obstructive vegetation from the downstream channel.

PAGE'S LAKE DAM

In addition, the following operational measures are recommended to be undertaken by the owner:

- Develop a detailed emergency operation and warning system.
- 2) During periods of unusually heavy rain, provide around-the-clock surveillance of the dam.
- 3) When warning of a storm of major proportions is given by the National Weather Service, activate the emergency operation and warning system.

It is further recommended that formal inspection, maintenance, and operation procedures and records be developed and implemented. A plan for emergency drawdown of the reservoir should be prepared in case an emergency drawdown should become necessary. These should be included in a formal maintenance and operations manual for the dam.

Submitted by:

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

John A. Dziubek, P.E.

Engineering Manager-Geotechnical

Date: 19 February 1981

Approved by:

JOHN A. DZIUBEK

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
BALTIMORE DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

JAMES W. PECK

OOL, Corps of Engineers

District Engineer

Date: /3 MAR8)

PAGE'S LAKE DAM



OVERALL VIEW OF UPSTREAM FACE OF DAM FROM LEFT ABUTMENT



OVERALL VIEW OF DOWNSTREAM FACE OF DAM FROM RIGHT ABUTMENT

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PAGE'S LAKE DAM NDI No. PA 00062, PennDER No. 58-5

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

- a. Authority The Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of inspection of dams throughout the United States.
- b. <u>Purpose of Inspection</u> The purpose of the inspection is to determine if the dam constitutes a hazard to human life or property.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances - Page's Lake Dam is a dry masonry dam with a concrete core wall. The embankment is 162 feet long and 15 feet high. The embankment has a crest width of 13 feet and an upstream slope of 1.5H:1V (Horizontal to Vertical). The downstream face is a vertical stone wall. The dam has a concrete core wall which extends the entire length of the embankment.

The spillway, located in the center of the dam, consists of a concrete broad crested weir. The weir is 40 feet long perpendicular to the direction of flow. The spillway training walls are concrete and extend 4.5 feet above the crest of the spillway. At the downstream face of the embankment, the discharge falls 9.0 feet into a rock-lined plunge pool. A small pedestrian bridge with no piers in the spillway channel crosses over the spillway.

The outlet works for the dam are located at the left abutment. The intake consists of a concrete box with stop logs and a trash rack. It discharges into a 24 inch reinforced concrete pipe which conveys the water to a riprap-lined ditch on the downstream side of the dam.

b. <u>Location</u> - Page's Lake Dam is located on Salt Lick Creek, approximately 3.75 miles east-southeast of New Milford, Pennsylvania. The structure is

located in New Milford Township, Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania. The coordinates of the dam are N 41° 51.5' and W 75° 39.5'. The dam can be found on USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle, Harford, Pennsylvania.

- c. <u>Size Classification</u> The height of the dam is 15 feet. Storage at the top of the dam [Elevation 1436.2 feet Mean Sea Level (ft. M.S.L.)] is 1,430 acre-feet. The dam is therefore in the "Intermediate" size category.
- d. Hazard Classification Three structures, one home and three garages, and two roads are located 1,000 feet and 700 feet downstream of the dam, respectively. There would be economic damage to these structures and roads if the dam were to fail; however, no loss of life is believed likely to occur. Purdy Dam, which is classified as "Significant" hazard, is located 1,400 feet downstream of Page's Lake. In the event of a failure, Purdy Dam would be overtopped. Therefore, Page's Lake Dam is considered to be in the "Significant" hazard category.
- e. Ownership The dam is owned and operated by the Lakeside Outing Club, Mr. David Mowry, President, R.D. 2, New Milford, Pennsylvania 18834.
- f. <u>Purpose of Dam</u> The impoundment created by the dam was originally used for water power but is now used for recreation.
- g. Design and Construction History Page's Lake Dam was originally constructed sometime in the 1860's. The dam was reconstructed in 1922 as a dry masonry dam. Later (date unknown) a concrete core wall was constructed in the earthfill upstream slope. Additional information concerning repairs made to the dam is contained in Section 2 of this report.
- h. Normal Operational Procedures The reservoir is typically maintained at the spillway crest elevation (Elevation 1433.0 ft. M.S.L.) during the summer. In the early fall, the lake is drawn down 3 to 4 feet to allow for boat dock repairs.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

a. Drainage Area (square miles) -

4.78

b.	Discharge at Dam Site (c.f.s.) -	
	Maximum Flood -	Unknown
	Spillway Capacity at Maximum Pool (El. 1436.2 ft. M.S.L.) -	710
c.	<pre>Elevation (feet above M.S.L.)* -</pre>	
	Design Top of Dam - Minimum Top of Dam - Maximum Design Pool - Spillway Crest - Streambed at Toe of Dam - Maximum Tailwater of Record -	Unknown 1436.2 Unknown 1433.0 1421.5 Unknown
d.	Reservoir (feet) -	
	Length of Maximum Pool (El. 1436.2 ft. M.S.L.) - Length of Normal Pool	8800
	(E1. 1433.0 ft. M.S.L.) -	6600
е.	Storage (acre-feet) -	
	Top of Dam (El. 1436.2 ft. M.S.L.) - Normal Pool (El. 1433.0 ft. M.S.L.) -	1430 970
f.	Reservoir Surface (acres) -	
	Top of Dam (El. 1436.2 ft. M.S.L.) - Normal Pool (El. 1433.0 ft. M.S.L.) -	110 100
g.	Dam -	
	Type - Dry masonry dam with a concrete core earthfill upstream section	wall in
	Total Length (feet) - Height (feet) - Design -	162 Unknown
	Field -	15
	Top Width (feet) - Side Slopes - Upstream -	13 1.5H:1V
	Downstream -	Vertical
		(stone wall)
	Zoning - The upstream slope is earth and room	
	A company of the transfer of t	~+·~~~

earthfill.

A concrete core wall is located upstream of the centerline of the dam. Downstream of the core wall the dam consists of dry masonry

stone except for the top 3 feet which is

^{*}All elevations are referenced to the spillway crest of the dam, Elevation 1433.0 ft. M.S.L., as measured on the available plans for the dam (Plate 4, Appendix E).

	Impervious Core -	Concrete
	Cut-off -	core wall Concrete core wall
	Drains -	None
h.	Diversion and Regulating Tunnels -	None
i.	Spillway -	
	Type - Broad crested concrete weir Location - Center of dra Width of Crest Parallel to	
	Flow (feet) - Length of Crest Perpendicular	17
	to Flow (feet) -	40
	Crest Elevation (ft. M.S.L.) -	1433.0
	Gates -	None

j. Outlet Works - The outlet works for the dam are located at the left abutment. The intake consists of a concrete box with stop logs and a trash rack. It discharges into a 24 inch reinforced concrete pipe which conveys the water to a riprap-lined ditch on the downstream side of the dam.

Downstream Channel - Riprapped plunge pool

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

The information reviewed consisted of File 18-5 of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PennDER). This file contained the following information:

- 1) A letter, dated 29 May 1913, from the Burgess of New Milford, Pennsylvania, informing the Pennsylvania State Water Commission of the dangerous condition of the Page's Lake Dam.
- 2) A report, dated 6 August 1913, written by the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania, describing the history and condition of the Page's Lake Dam.
- 3) A directive, dated 14 November 1913, to the New Milford Light and Power Company, directing them to secure the services of an engineer to reconstruct the spillway and repair where the dam was breached in the 1890's.
- 4) Various correspondence between the Water Supply Commission and the Susquehanna County Electric Company who purchased the New Milford Light and Power Company, concerning the required repairs on the dam.
- An application submitted by the Susquehanna County Electric Company, dated 17 December 1913, to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania for repairs to the dam. Also included was the subsequent approval given by the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania, dated 4 February 1914.
- An inspection report on the repairs to the Page's Lake Dam filed by the Water Supply Commission on 14 December 1914, stating that the repairs to the dam were inadequate and not according to plans submitted to the Commission. A letter from the Water Supply Commission, dated 16 December 1914, directed the Susquehanna County Light & Power Company to make corrective repairs.
- 7) Various memorandum and letters between the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania and the Susquehanna County Light & Power Company, regarding repairs of breaching of the dam.

The state of the s

- 8) A letter, dated 3 November 1921, from the Lakeside Outing Club, informing the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania that they had purchased the dam and would like to start repairs at once.
- 9) The last post-construction inspection made by PennDER on 17 August 1965. It reported no major problems.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

The information reviewed consisted of File 58-5 of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PennDER). The contractor responsible for construction of the original dam in the 1860's is not known. The file contained the following information:

- 1) A letter, dated 17 August 1922, to the Water Supply Commission of Pennsylvania from the Lakeside Outing Club, stating that they would be starting repairs immediately. The contractor making the repairs was Mr. Will Kenyor.
- 2) A letter, dated 15 September 1922, from the Lakeside Outing Club to the Water Supply Commission, stating that the dam was nearing completion of repairs.
- 3) Directive from the Water Supply Commission, dated 15 November 1935, to the Lakeside Outing Club, directing them to remove the fish screens in front of the spillway.
- 4) The Lakeside Outing Club replaced the spillway with a 4 inch reinforced concrete spillway in October 1946.
- 5) The Water and Power Resources Board granted a permit to the Lakeside Outing Club on 18 May 1950 to construct a foot bridge over the spillway.
- 6) In October 1964 the concrete wing walls on the spillway were replaced.
- 7) A drawdown control structure was constructed in May 1975 in the left abutment of the dam. A 24 inch reinforced concrete pipe runs through the dam.

2.3 OPERATION

The Lakeside Outing Club is responsible for all operation and maintenance.

2.4 EVALUATION

- a. Availability The information reviewed is readily available from PennDER's File No. 58-5.
- b. Adequacy The information available is adequate for Phase I Inspection of this dam.
- c. Validity There is no reason at the present time to doubt the validity of the available engineering data.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

- a. General The dam and its appurtenant structures were found to be in good overall condition on 27 October 1980. No unusual weather conditions were experienced during the inspection. Noteworthy deficiencies observed during the visual inspection are described briefly in the following paragraphs. The complete visual inspection check list, field sketch, top of dam profile, and typical crosssection are given in Appendix A.
- b. Dam A small erosion gully has formed at the junction of the left spillway training wall and embankment. Brush was present immediately below the downstream face of the dam.
- c. Appurtenant Structures The lake was drawn down for seasonal repair of the boat docks. No significant problems in the outlet works were observed.
- d. Reservoir Area The reservoir slopes are gentle on the left side and moderate on the right. The majority of the shoreline has been developed with recreational cottages. The average depth of the reservoir is approximately 10 feet.
 - Fuller's Lake Dam (NDI No. PA 00073, PennDER No. 58-121) is located 9300 feet upstream from Page's Lake. Fuller's Lake Dam is a 143 feet long, 9 feet high, earthfill embankment. This dam controls 0.95 square miles of the drainage area which is a tributary to Page's Lake Dam. A Phase I Inspection Report is currently being prepared for this dam.
- Downstream Channel The downstream channel contains e. some debris and obstructive vegetation which should be removed. The channel is moderately sloped and passes under a township road approximately 800 feet downstream of the dam. A 7 foot diameter corrugated metal pipe (C.M.P.) is the culvert under this first road. The channel then passes under PA Route 492, 500 feet further downstream, through a 5 foot high by 18 foot wide concrete culvert. In addition to possible economic damage to these two roads, one home and several (3) barns and garages could be damaged in the event of failure of the dam. Purdy (Stump Pond) Dam (NDI No. PA 00063, PennDER No. 58-11) is located 1,400 feet downstream. A Phase I Inspection Report is currently being prepared for this dam.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES

There are no formal procedures for operating the reservoir or evacuating the downstream area in case of an impending failure of the dam. It is recommended that formal emergency procedures be adopted, prominently displayed, and furnished to all operating personnel.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM

Maintenance of the dam is performed by the owner on an as-needed basis. Generally, the maintenance procedures followed are adequate.

4.3 MAINTENANCE OF OPERATING FACILITIES

The stop logs are removed from the drawdown control structure every fall and the trash rack and spillway are cleaned of debris as required. A plan for emergency drawdown of the reservoir should be prepared in case emergency drawdown should become necessary.

4.4 DESCRIPTION OF ANY WARNING SYSTEM IN EFFECT

There is no warning system in the event of a dam failure. An emergency warning system should be developed.

4.5 EVALUATION OF OPERATIONAL ADEQUACY

The current operational features are adequate for the purpose they serve. However, it is recommended that a formal maintenance and operations manual be prepared for the dam.

SECTION 5 - HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 EVALUATION OF FEATURES

- a. <u>Design Data</u> No hydrologic or hydraulic design calculations are available for Page's Lake Dam.
- b. Experience Data No information concerning the effects of significant floods on the dam is available.
- c. <u>Visual Observations</u> During the visual inspection, no problems were observed which would indicate that the dam and appurtenant facilities could not perform satisfactorily during a flood event.

The right spillway training wall has cracks and spalling on the downstream face. However, this is not considered significant enough at this time to require repair.

Fuller's Lake Dam (NDI No. 00073) is 9300 feet upstream from Page's Lake. Fuller's Lake Dam is an earthfill dam 143 feet long and 9 feet high, with a trapezoidal earth spillway.

d. Overtopping Potential - Page's Lake Dam is an "Intermediate" size - "Significant" hazard dam requiring evaluation for a spillway design flood (SDF) in the range of the 1/2 Probable Maximum Flood (1/2 PMF) to the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Because the dam is on the low end of the "Intermediate" size category in terms of storage capacity, the 1/2 PMF was chosen as the SDF.

The hydraulic capacity of the dam, reservoir, and spillway was assessed by utilizing the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' Flood Hydrograph Package, HEC-1 DB. The hydrologic characteristics of the basin, specifically, the Snyders' unit hydrograph parameters, were obtained from a regionalized analysis conducted by the Baltimore District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. The hydrograph from Fuller's Lake Dam was routed downstream to Page's Lake, combined with the runoff hydrograph for Page's Lake, and then routed through Page's Lake Dam.

The spillway is capable of passing only 15 percent of the PMF before overtopping begins. Analysis of the dam and spillway shows that the dam will be overtopped by a maximum depth of 3.34 feet for a total duration of 11.83 hours by the SDF.

e. Spillway Adequacy - As outlined in the above analysis, the spillway will not pass the SDF without overtopping the dam; therefore, the spillway is considered "Inadequate."

SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

- a. <u>Visual Observations</u> There were no structural inadequacies noted during the visual inspection that cause concern for the structural stability of the dam.
- Design and Construction Data No design or construction data were available for review. Generally, for this type of dam, if the ratio of the width of the stonewall portion of the dam is greater than 0.5 times the height of the dam (0.5 w/h), then stability of the dam due to overturning or sliding is not a problem. (Reference: "Evaluation and Repair of Stonewall-earth Dams," by Kent A. Healy, Proceedings of "Safety of Small Dams" conference, New England College, Henniker, New Hampshire, August 4-9, 1974, pp. 149-178). The w/h ratio for this dam is estimated at slightly less than one and no signs of instability were observed during the visual inspection, therefore, further assessments of the structural stability are not considered necessary.
- c. Operating Records No operating records are available. Nothing in the procedures described by the owner's representative indicates concern for the structural stability of the dam.
- d. <u>Post-Construction Changes</u> No changes adversely affecting the structural stability of the dam have been performed.
- e. Seismic Stability The dam is located in Seismic Zone l of the "Seismic Zone Map of the Contiguous United States," Figure l, page D-30, "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams." This is a zone of minor seismic activity. Therefore, further consideration of the seismic stability is not warranted.

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

- a. Safety Page's Lake Dam was found to be in good overall condition at the time of inspection.

 Page's Lake Dam is a "Significant" hazard "Intermediate" size dam requiring a spillway capacity in the range of the 1/2 PMF to the PMF. Because the dam is on the low end of the "Intermediate" size category in terms of storage capacity, the 1/2 PMF was chosen as the SDF. As presented in Section 5, the spillway and reservoir are not capable of passing the 1/2 PMF without overtopping the dam. During the 1/2 PMF, the dam is overtopped by a maximum depth of 3.34 feet for a total duration of 11.83 hours. Therefore, the spillway is considered "Inadequate."
- b. Adequacy of Information The information available and the observations made during the visual inspection are considered sufficient for this Phase I Inspection Report.
- c. <u>Urgency</u> The owner should immediately initiate the further evaluation discussed in paragraph 7.1.d.
- d. Necessity for Additional Data/Evaluation The hydraulic/hydrologic analysis performed in connection with this Phase I Inspection Report has indicated the need for additional spillway capacity. It is recommended that the owner immediately initiate an engineering study to further evaluate the spillway capacity and develop recommendations for remedial measures to reduce the overtopping potential of the dam.

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS/REMEDIAL MEASURES

The inspection revealed certain items of remedial work which should be performed by the owner without delay. Item I below should be completed by a qualified professional engineer experienced in the design of hydraulic structures for dams. These include:

 Initiate an engineering study to further evaluate the spillway capacity and develop recommendations for remedial measures to reduce the overtopping potential of the dam.

- 2) Fill the erosion gully located to the left of the spillway and reseed the area.
- Remove the brush below the downstream face of the dam.
- 4) Remove the debris and obstructive vegetation from the downstream channel.

In addition, the following operational measures are recommended to be undertaken by the owner:

- Develop a detailed emergency operation and warning system.
- 2) During periods of unusually heavy rain, provide around-the-clock surveillance of the dam.
- When warning of a storm of major proportions is given by the National Weather Service, activate the emergency operation and warning system.

It is further recommended that formal inspection, maintenance, and operation procedures and records be developed and implemented. A plan for emergency drawdown of the reservoir should be prepared in case an emergency drawdown should become necessary. These should be included in a formal maintenance and operations manual for the dam.

APPENDIX A

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECK LIST, FIELD SKETCH, TOP OF DAM PROFILE, AND TYPICAL CROSS-SECTION

Check List Visual Inspection Fhase 1

Name of Dam Page's Lake Dam	1	County Susquehanna State	hanna S	tate	PA	Coordinates	Coordinates Lat. N 41°51.5	-5
NDI # PA 00062 PennDER # 58-5							Long. W 75°39.5'	5
Date of Inspection 27	27 October 1980	08	Weather	- 1	Sunny	Tempe	Temperature 40° F.	
Pool Elevation at Time of Inspection	f Inspectio	14	130.23 ft.* M.S.L.	Tai	lwater at Tin	e of Inspecti	1421.51 Tailwater at Time of Inspection ft.* M.S.I	S.1
*Datum Elevation 1433.0 Plate 4.	133.0 ft. M.	S.L. for t	he spill	. way сл	rest taken fi	ft. M.S.L. for the spillway crest taken from plans of the dam,	the dam,	
Inspection Personnel:	Michael Baker, Jr., Inc.:	er, Jr., Ir	::		Owr	Owner's Representatives:	ntatives:	

James G. Ulinski Recorder

Lakeside Outing Club Mrs. Margaret Ward, Secretary (interviewed 31 October 1980)

James G. Ulinski Wayne D. Lasch Jeffrey S. Maze

MASONRY DAMS

DAM	
LAKE	
PAGE'S	
Dam:	
of	
Name	

NDI # PA 00062

OBSERVATIONS VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

LEAKAGE

None observed

STRUCTURE TO ABUTMENT/EMBANKMENT JUNCTIONS

Small erosion gully along left training wall and embankment.

Fill in gully and reseed area.

DRAINS

None observed

WATER PASSAGES

None observed

FOUNDATION

No problems observed

MASONRY DAMS

		REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
T I		OBSERVATIONS
Name of Dam: PAGE'S LAKE DA	NDI # PA 00062	VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

No problems observed

SURFACE CRACKS
CONCRETE SURFACES

STRUCTURAL CHACKING	No problems observed
VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL	Good

Not Applicable

MONOLITH JOINTS

Not Applicable

CONSTRUCTION JOINTS

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

EMBANKMENT - Not Applicable

Name of Dam PAGE'S LAKE DAM

NDI # PA 00062

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF OBSERVATIONS

SURFACE CRACKS

UNUSUAL MOVEMENT OR CRACKING AT OR BEYOND THE TOE SLOUGHING OR EROSION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT SLOPES

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

EMBANKMENT - Not Applicable

Name of Dam PAGE'S LAKE DAM
NDI # PA 00062

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF OBSERVATIONS

VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT OF THE CREST

RIPRAP FAILURES

EMBANKMENT - Not Applicable

Name of Dam PAGE'S LAKE DAM

NDI # PA 00062

VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
JUNCTION OF EMBANKMENT AND ABUTMENT, SPILLWAY AND DAM		
ANY NOTICEABLE SEEPAGE		
STAFF GAGE AND RECORDER		
DRAINS		

OUTLET WORKS

PAGE'S LAKE TION OF PALLING OF CES IN	DAM OBSERVATIONS None observed	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
outlet conduit		

Good condition

INTAKE STRUCTURE

Good condition OUTLET STRUCTURE

Good condition

OUTLET CHANNEL

The stop logs had been removed prior to the inspection. The stop logs are removed approximately one month each year to allow for boat dock repair. EMERGENCY GATE

UNGATED SPILLWAY

DAM	
LAKE	
PAGE'S LAKE	52
Dam:	00062
of [# PA
Name	NDI

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS	
OBSERVATIONS	
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	

CONCRETE WEIR Good condition

APPROACH CHANNEL Good condition

Good condition. The right spillway training wall has cracks and spalling on the downstream face. DISCHARGE CHANNEL

This is not considered significant enough to require repair at this time.

BRIDGE AND PIERS

No problems observed for pedestrian foot bridge and piers.

GATED SPILLWAY - Not Applicable

Name of Dam: PAGE'S LAKE DAM		
NDI # PA 00062		
VISUAL EXAMINATION OF	OBSERVATIONS	REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS
CONCRETE SILL		
Androach Channer		
APPROACH CHANNED		
DISCHARGE CHANNEL		
BRIDGE AND PIERS		

GATES AND OPERATION EQUIPMENT

INSTRUMENTATION

Name of Dam: PAGE'S LAKE DAM NDI # PA 00062 VISUAL EXAMINATION WONUMENTATION/SURVEYS None observed WEIRS None observed None observed None observed
--

OTHER

RESERVOIR

Name of Dam: PAGE'S LAKE DAM NDI # PA 00062

OBSERVATIONS VISUAL EXAMINATION OF

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

The reservoir slopes are gentle on the left side and moderate on the right side. No signs of instability were observed. The majority of the shoreline has been developed with re-

SLOPES

creational cottages.

SEDIMENTATION

The average reservoir depth is 10 ft. There is no indication that sedimentation is a significant problem.

UPSTREAM DAM

Fuller's Lake Dam (NDI # PA 00073, PennDER # 58-121) is located upstream. A Phase I Inspection Report is currently being prepared by Michael Baker, Jr., Inc.

DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL

PAGE'S LAKE DAM Name of Dam:

NDI # PA 00062

(OBSTRUCTIONS, DEBRIS, ETC.)

CONDITION

OBSERVATIONS VISUAL EXAMINATION OF Some vegetation and debris is located in the downstream channel.

Remove debris and obstructive vegetation.

REMARKS OR RECOMMENDATIONS

SLOPES

The downstream channel is moderately sloped.

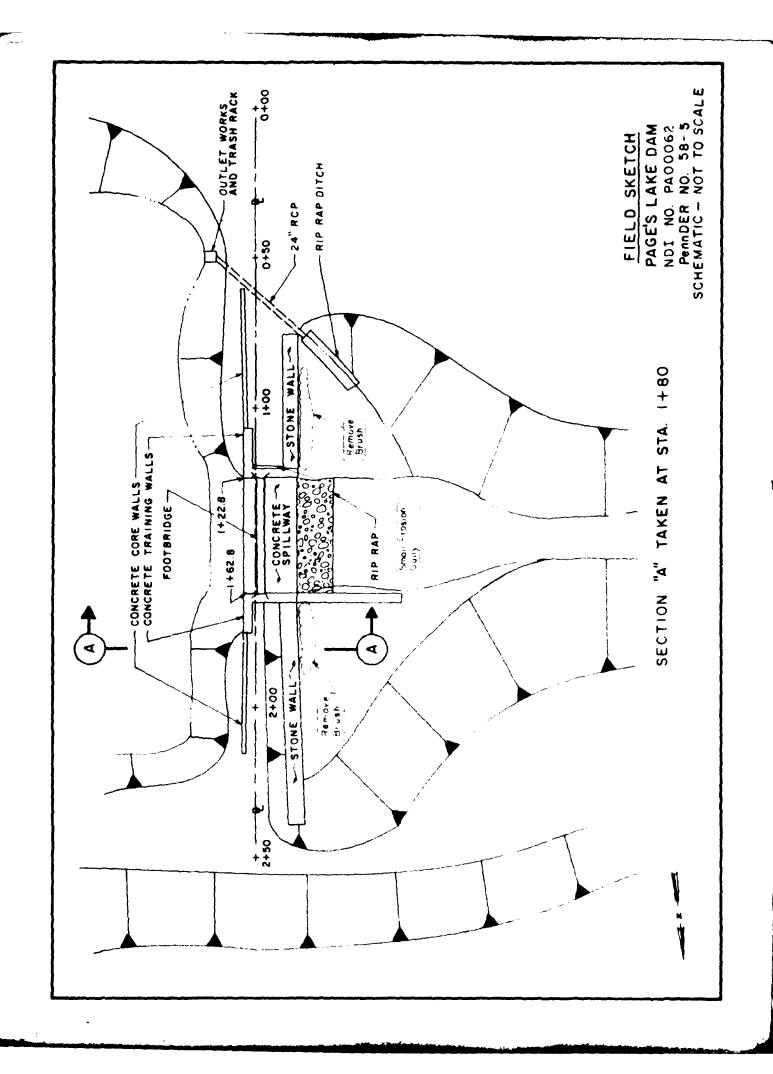
APPROXIMATE NO. OF HOMES AND POPULATION

There is one township road approximately 800 ft. downstream. PA Route 492 is approximately 1300 ft. downstream. There are one home and

several (3) barns and garages which may be damaged in the event of failure of the dam.

DOWNSTREAM DAM

Purdy (Stump Pond) Dam (NDI # PA 00063, PennDER # 58-11) is located downstream. A Phase I Inspection Report is currently being prepared by Michael Baker, Jr., Inc.



APPENDIX B

ENGINEERING DATA CHECK LIST

ENGINEERING DATA DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION CHECK LIST

Name of Dam:

NDI # PA 00067

ITEM

REMARKS

PLAN OF DAM

See Plate 4 of this report.

REGIONAL VICINITY MAP

A USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle, Harford, Pennsylvania, was used to prepare the vicinity map which is enclosed in this

report as Location Plan (Plate 1).

CONSTRUCTION HISTORY

No construction history is known other than the dam was constructed in 1863.

No information available

TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM

HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC DATA

No information available

OUTLETS - PLAN

See Plate 4

- DETAILS

No information available

See Plate 4

- CONSTRAINTS

No information available - DISCHARGE RATINGS

None available RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS

PAGE'S LAKE DAM Name of Dam:

NDI # PA 00062

TTEH

REMARYS

DESIGN REPORTS

No intormation available

GEOLOGY REPORTS

No information available. The Regional Geology is presented as Appendix F of this report.

DESIGN COMPUTATIONS

No information available

HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS DAM STABILITY SEEPAGE STUDIES

MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORING RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD

No information available

POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM

None

BORROW SOURCES

No information available

Name of Dam:

the attendant for the New Milford Light and Power Company failed to remove the flashboards in the spillway and the dam was overtopped and partially breached. The provisions for flashboards have been removed and flashboards should not be used in Water Supply Commission Inspection are available. A number of inspection reports are available in the PennDER File, including No detailed engineering reports other than the August 16, 1913 The spillway was replaced The only known accident at the dam was on March 23, 1913 when the latest recorded inspection on August 17, 1965 by PennDER. in 1972 and the drawdown structure was constructed in 1975. No formal maintenance records are maintained The dam was reconstructed in 1922. No information available the future. REMARKS None PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM POST-CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS MONITORING SYSTEMS HIGH POOL RECORDS NDI # PA 00062 MODIFICATIONS DESCRIPTION REPORTS MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS ITEM

Name of Dam: PAGE'S LAKE DAM

NDI # PA 00062

ITEM

SPILLWAY PLAN,

See Plate 4

REMARKS

SECTIONS, and DETAILS

None available

OPERATING EQUIPMENT PLANS & DETAILS

No information available

CHECK LIST HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC DATA ENGINEERING DATA

DRAINAGE A	REA CHARACTERISTICS: 4.78 sq.mi., primarily wooded with
	mild to steep slopes
ELEVATION	TOP NORMAL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 1433.0 ft. M.S.L.
	(970 acft.)
ELEVATION	TOP FLOOD CONTROL POOL (STORAGE CAPACITY): 1436.2 ft. M.S.I
	(1430 acft.)
ELEVATION	MAXIMUM DESIGN POOL: Unknown
ELEVATION	TOP DAM: 1436.2 ft. M.S.L. (minimum top of dam)
SPILLWAY:	Rectangular channel
b.	Crest Elevation 1433.0 ft. M.S.L. Type Rectangular channel (concrete) Width of Crest Parallel to Flow 17 ft.
đ.	Length of Crest Perpendicular to Flow 40 ft.
	Location Spillover Center of dam Number and Type of Gates None
OUTLET WOR	
a.	Concrete box intake with stop logs and trash rack - Type discharge into 24 in. concrete pipe
	Location Left abutment
	Entrance Inverts 1428.69 ft. M.S.L.
	Exit Inverts 1428.01 ft. M.S.L.
е.	Emergency Drawdown Facilities The outlet works are the only drawdown facilities
HYDROMETEC	ROLOGICAL GAGES: None
a.	Type
b.	Location
c.	Records
MAXIMUM NO	N-DAMAGING DISCHARGE Unknown

APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPH LOCATION PLAN AND PHOTOGRAPHS

DETAILED PHOTOGRAPH DESCRIPTIONS

Overall View of Dam

Top Photo - Overall View of Upstream Face of Dam from (OV-T) Left Abutment

Bottom Photo - Overall View of Downstream Face of Dam (OV-B) from Right Abutment

Photograph Location Plan

Photo 1 - View of Spillway Entrance

Photo 2 - Close-up of Spillway Crest

Photo 3 - View of Downstream Side of Spillway

Photo 4 - Oblique View of Downstream Side of Spillway and Dam from Left Abutment

Photo 5 - View of Intake for Outlet Conduit

Photo 6 - Close-up View of Intake for Outlet Conduit

Photo 7 - View of Discharge Channel of Outlet Conduit

Photo 8 - Close-up View of Downstream End of Outlet Conduit

Photo 9 - View Along Axis of Dam from Right Abutment

Photo 10 - View of Crest of Dam from Left Abutment

Note: Photographs were taken on 27 October 1980.

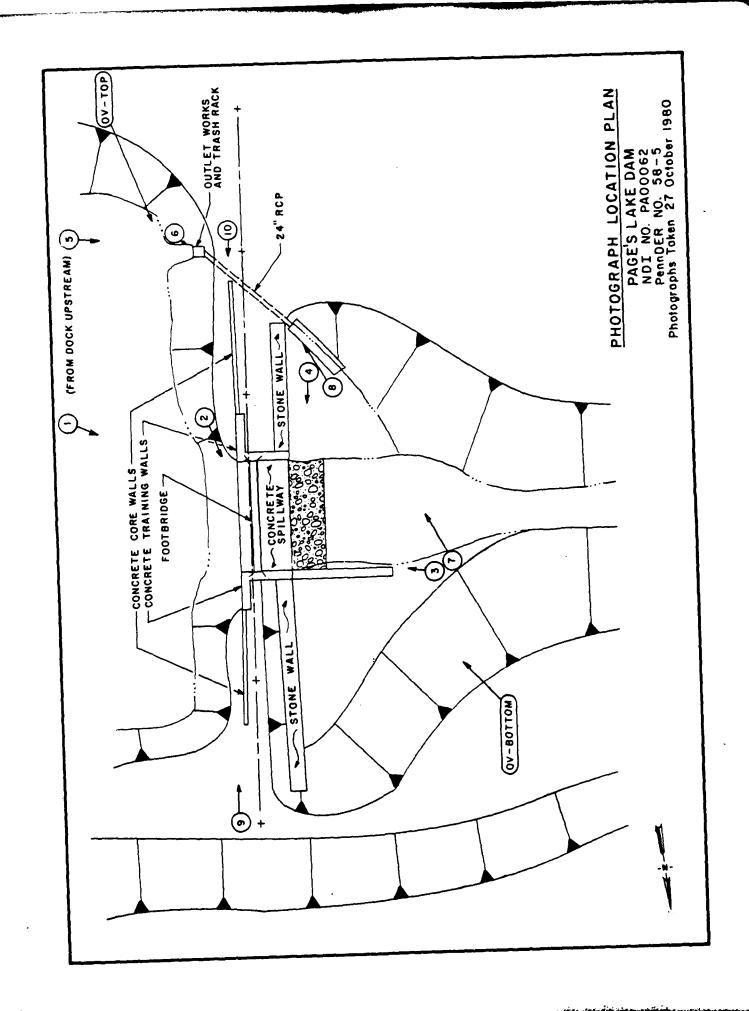




PHOTO 1. View of Spiliway Entrance

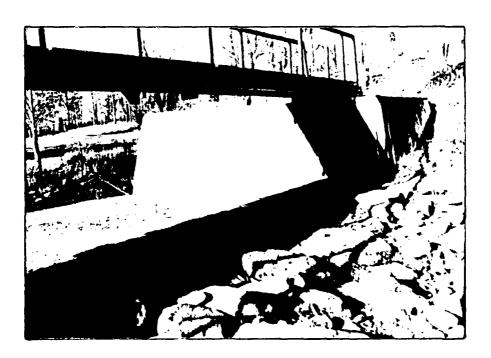


PHOTO 2. Close-up of Spillway Crest

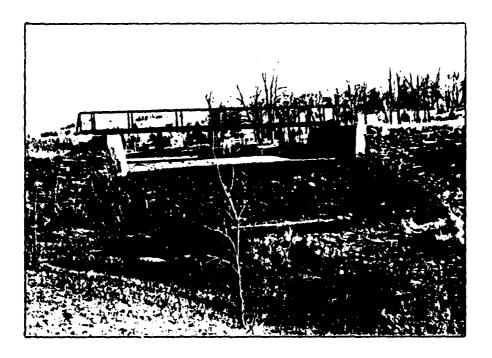


PHOTO 3. View of Downstream Side of Spillway



PHOTO 4. Oblique View of Downstream Side of Spillway and Dam from Left Abutment

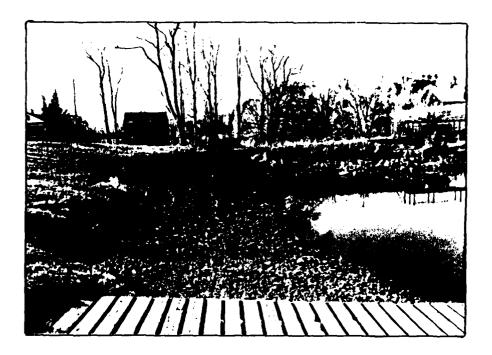


PHOTO 5. View of Intake for Outlet Conduit

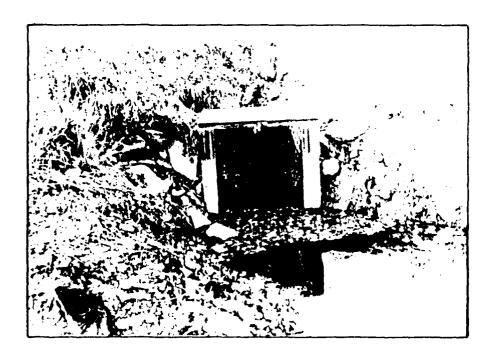


PHOTO 6. Close-up View of Intake for Outlet Conduit



PHOTO 7. View of Discharge Channel of Outlet Conduit



PHOTO 8. Close-up View of Downstream End of Outlet Conduit



PHOTO 9. View Along Axis of Dam from Right Abutment



PHOTO 10 View of Crest of Dam from Left Abutment

APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMEUTATIONS

SUBLECT	PAGE.
FREFACE	Ċ
TY, 101044 AND HYDEAULIC PATA BASE	/
HYDRAULIC DATA	Z
TRAINAGE AREA AND CENTROID MAP	3
TOP OF DAY PROFILE AND CROSS SECTION	4
SPILLMAY DISCHARGE RATING	5
SPILLWAY CAPACITY	6
KOUTING SUMMARY	7
HEC-1 SPILLWAY ANALYSIS	8

PREFACE

HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

The hydrologic determinations presented in this Phase I Inspection Report are based on the use of a Snyder's unit hydrograph developed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Due to the limited number of gaging stations available in this hydrologic region and the wide variations of watershed slopes, the Snyder's coefficients may yield results of limited accuracy for this watershed. As directed however, a further refinement of these coefficients is beyond the scope of this Phase I Investigation.

In addition, the conclusions presented pertain to present conditions, and the effect of future development on the hydrology has not been considered.

HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS DATA BASE

NAME OF DAM: PAGE'S LAKE DAM		
PROBABLE MAXIMUM PRECIPITATION	(PMP) =21.0	INCHES/24 HOURS (1)

STATION	1	2	3	4	5
Station Description	FULLER'S LAKE DAM	PAGE'S LAKE DAM			
Drainage Area (square miles)	0.95	3.83			
Cumulative Drainage Area (square miles)	0.95	4.78			
Adjustment of PMF for Drainage Area (%)	ZONE 1	ZONE 1			
6 Hours	111	111			
12 Hours 24 Hours	123 133	123 133			
48 Hours 72 Hours	142	142			
Snyder Hydrograph Parameters					
Zone (3)	11A	11A			
c _p /c _t (4)	0.62/1.50	0.62/1.50			
L (miles) (5)	1.48	3.41			
L _{ca} (miles) (5)	0.61	1.48			
$t_{\rm p} = C_{\rm t} (L \cdot L_{\rm ca})^{0.3}$ (hours)	1.45	2.44			
Freeboard (ft) RAT Discingre Coefficient FUL	PEZOIDAL SPILLWAY ING CURVE FROM LER'S LAKE DAM PECTION REPORT	SPILLWAY RATING CURVE DEVELOPED ON SHEET 5			

⁽¹⁾ Hydrometeorological Report 33 (Figure 1), U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers, 1956.

⁽²⁾ Hydrometeorological Report 33 (Figure 2), U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers, 1956.

⁽⁵⁾ Hydrological zone defined by Corps of Engineers, Baltimore District, for determining Snyder's Coeff.comts $(C_{\mathbf{p}}^{-})$ and $C_{\mathbf{t}}^{-}$).

⁽⁴⁾ Snyder's Coefficients.

 $^{^{(5)}}L$ = Length of longest water course from outlet to basin divide. $L_{\rm ca}$ = Length of water course from outlet to point opposite the centroid of drainage area.

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

THE BAKER ENGINEERS

Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009

STORAGE CALCULATIONS

HREE VS. ELEVATION PATA: (MEASURED FROM QUEDS)

ELEVATION (Fr.)	SURFACE PREA (ACRES)
/433	102.85
1440	175. 3 9
1460	273.65

NORMAL POOL STORAGE

STORAGE VOLUME = VN, = 73 (A, +A2 + VA, A2)

h. ESTIMATED FROM FIELD NOTES = 9.7 FT.

H, = SURFACE AREA OF NORMAL POOL = 102,85 Sc.

Az : SURFACE AREN OF RESERVOIR BOTTON : 97.4/ AC.

(ESTIMATED FROM AVERAGE DEPTH AND

RESERVOIR SIDE SLOPES)

NORMAL POOL STORAGE = VNP = 9.7/3 (102.85 + 97.41+\(\int_102.85\(\chiq\)7.41)\)

TOP OF DAM STORAGE

1431 Ac.-FT (FROM HEC-1 ANALYSIS)

SNYDER'S UNIT HYDROGEARN PARAMETERS

= 3,41 Mi., Lag . 1.48 Mi

WATERSHED IS IN ZONE II A

C. PLATE E C. = 0.62

T+ - 1.50 (LYLea) 03 = 2.44

DRAINAGE AFER ABOVE DEN = 4.78 SQ MI.

Subject PAGES LAKE DAM MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. THE BAKER ENGINEERS Sheet No. 4 of 18 CROSS SECTION Box 280 Computed by GWT Checked by WDL Date 11/14/80 Beaver, Pa. 15009 3400 DAM NINIHUM TOP OF TOE OF DAM ELEVATION 1426.7 ELEV. 1436.2" SP111WAY | FLEV: 1433,0 FT, STATION (FEETS 2400 STATION (FEET. JE DOWNSTREAM ELEV. 1437.5' 0+40 +80 1+50 ELEVATION 1437.3 0+30 HORIZONTAL (LOOKING HORIZONTAL 1+00 0770 AI ELEV. 1436.2' SECTION LENGTH 0110 ABUTMENT 4-> DAM 0+50 CELEVATION M30.13 DAN CROSS 50 IYPICAL 0 (TEW 1334) NOILUNGT ELEVATION (FEET MSL)

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

THE BAKER ENGINEERS

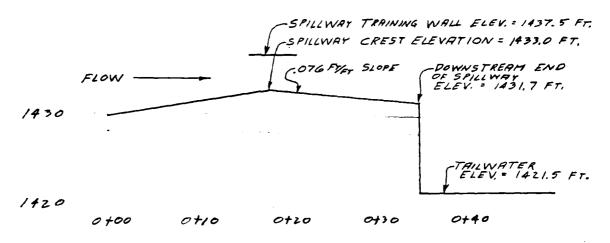
Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009 Subject PAGES LAKE DAIT S.O. No. 13837-00-AKA-01

SPILLWAY PISCHARG RATING Sheet No. 5 of 18

Drowing No. ______

Computed by GWT Checked by WDL Date 11-20-80

SPILLWAY PROFILE



SPILLWAY SLOPE IS GREATER THAN CRITICAL SLOPE

DEVELOP RATING CURVE BASED ON CRITICAL FLOW OVER SPILLWAY:

V=\sqrt{g}D (CHOW, OPEN CHANNEL HYDRAULICS, P.43)

g=32.2 ft/SFC*

D=MEAN HYDRAULIC DEPTH=\frac{FLOW}{FART SUCTACE TOOM...TH} \frac{T}{T}

Y=MEAN FLOW VELOCITY

Q=VA

SPILLWAY ELEVATION, Fr.	FLOW DEPTH,	AREA,	TOP WIDTH,	1/4	V, FT/sec.	Q,CFS	1/29	RESERVOIR SURFACE, FT.
1433.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1433.0
1433.5	0.5	20.0	40	0.5	4.01	80.20	0.25	1433,75
1474.0	1.0	40.0	40	1.0	5.67	226.80	0.50	1434.50
1434,5	1.5	60.0	40	1.5	6.95	417.00	0,75	1435.25
1435.0	2.0	80.0	40	2.0	8.02	641.60	1.00	1436.00
1436.0	3.0	120.0	40	3.0	9.83	1/76.60	1.50	1437.50
1436.5	3.5	140.0	40	3.5	10.62	1,486.80	1.75	1478.25
1437.0	4.0	160.0	40	4.0	11.35	1,816.00	2.00	1939.00
1437.5	4.5	180.0	40	4.5	12.04	2,167.20	2.25	1437.75
1438.0	5.0	200.0	10	5.0	12.69	2,538.00	2.50	1440.50
1438.5	5.5	220.0	10	5.5	13.31	2,928.20	2.75	1441.25
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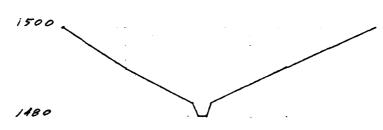
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	ELEVATION (FT. M.S.L.)	

HCHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. THE BAKER ENGINEERS		S.O. No of /8
Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009	Computed by Checked by	Drawing No Date/-20-8/

NAME	LENGTH OF	HEIGHT OF	NORMAL POOL STORAGE	TOP OF PAN STORAGE	ROUTING LENGTH OF CHANNEL
PAGE'SLAXE	162 Fr.	15 FT	971. Ac-FT AT 1433, O FT	1431 Ac-Fr 1436.2 Fr	
FULLERSLANE	143 FT.	9.0 FT.	60.7 Ac-FT AT 1537.0 FT.	89 AC-FT. 1539.6 FT	9300 FT.

TYPICAL ROUTING CHANNEL

FULLER'S LAKE TO PAGE'S LAKE



O 1+00 Z+00 3+00 HORIZONTAL STATION

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DA4 SAFETY VERSION JULY 1973
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PREVIEW OF SEQUENCE OF STREAM NETWORK CALCULATIONS

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SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

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SUMMARY OF DAM SAFEIT ANALYSIS

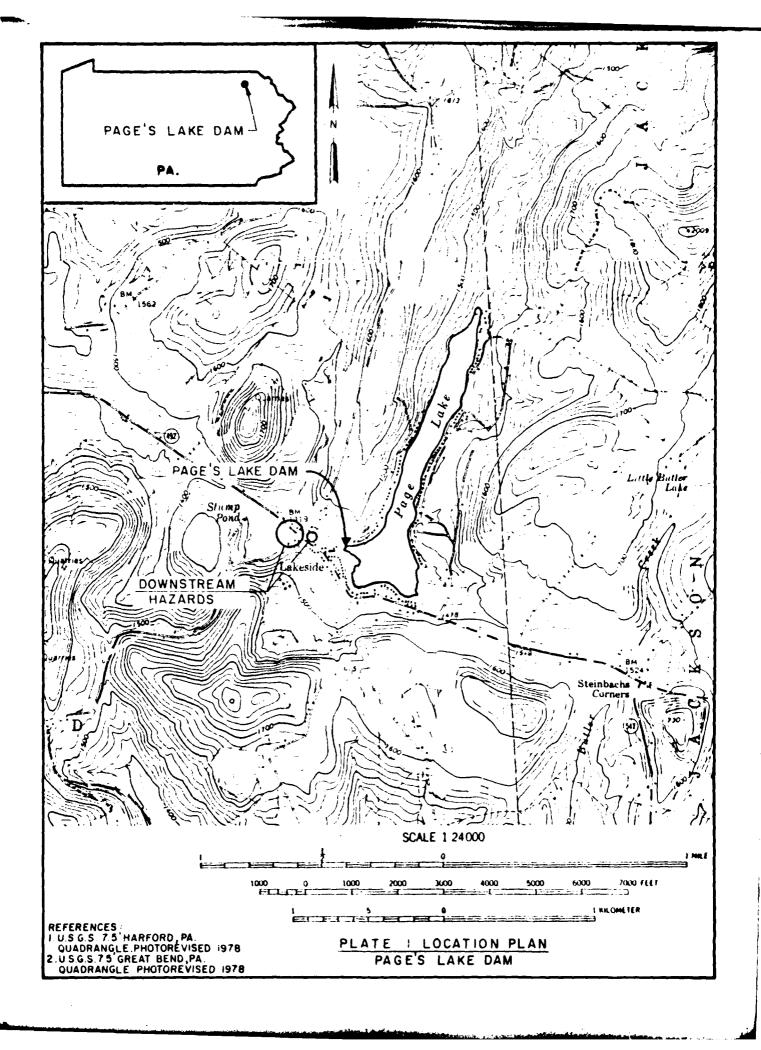
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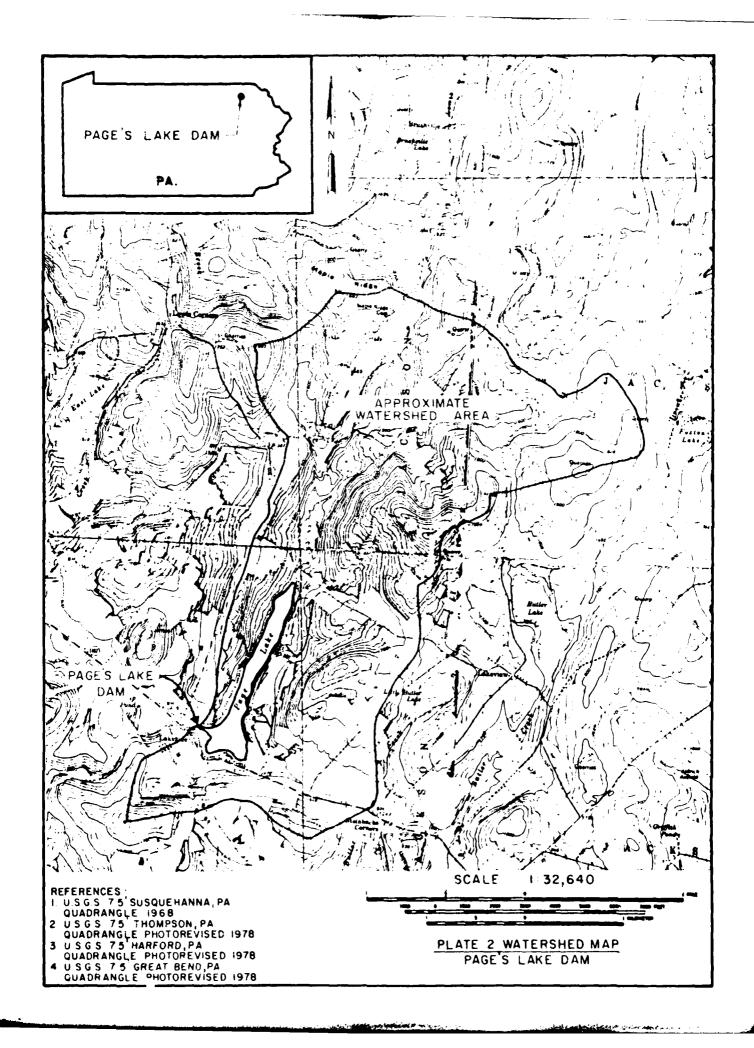
APPENDIX E

PLATES

CONTENTS

- Plate 1 Location Plan
- Plate 2 Watershed Map
- Plate 3 1913 Drawing Showing Profile and Cross Section of Dam
- Plate 4 Drawdown Control Structure





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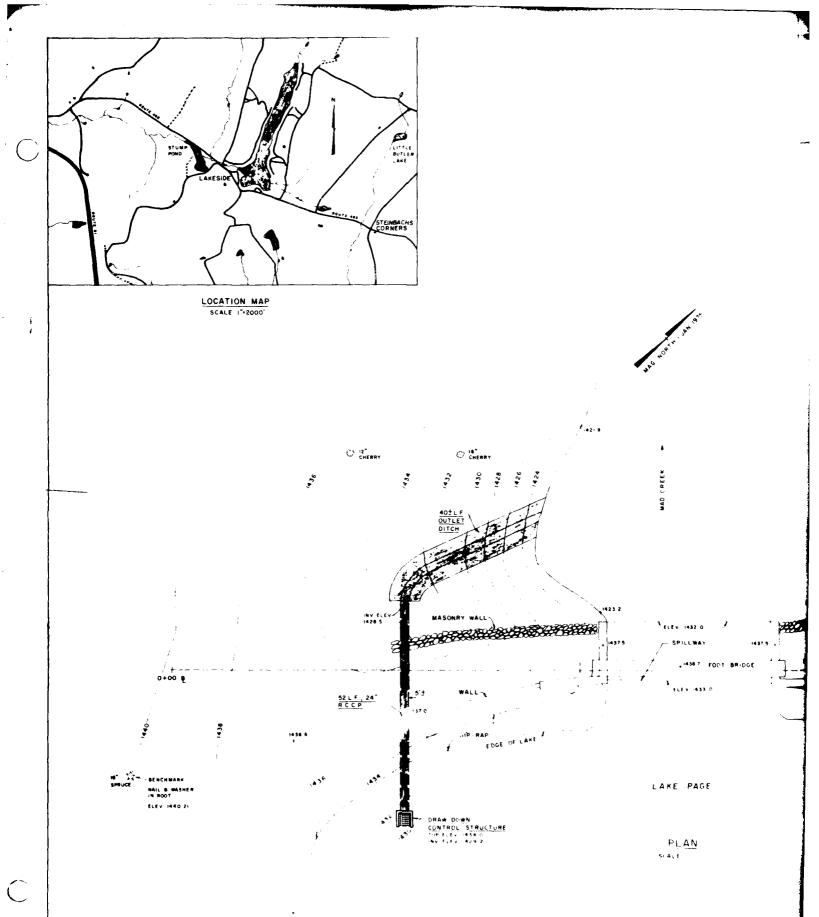
PLATE-3

DAM of PAGES POND showing present condition and Proposed Evest of Dam.

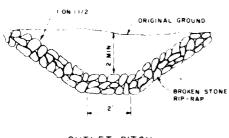
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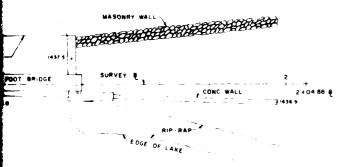
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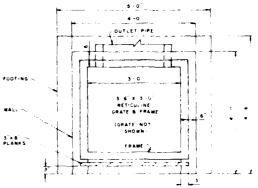


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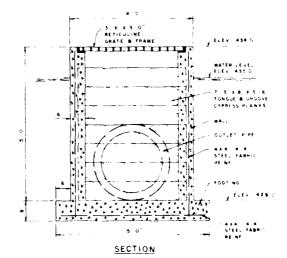


SCALE 1/2" 11-0"





PLAN



PRE-CAST CONCRETE DRAW-DOWN CONTROL STRUCTURE

SCALE 3/4" + 1-0"

NOTES

- NAME & ADDRESS OF LAKE OWNER & OPERATOR LAKESIDE OUTING CLUS R D # 2
- NEW MILFORD, PENN 18834 2 ELEVATIONS ARE REFERENCED TO U.S.G.5. DATUM
- 3 ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE REQUIREMENTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES
- 4 THE PIPE BACKFILL THROUGH THE DAM SHALL BE MADE WITH IMPERVIOUS MATERIAL AND SHALL BE THOROUGHLY COMPACTED SO AS TO BE IMPERVIOUS

PLATE - 4

DRAW-DOWN CONTROL STRUCTURE

LAKE PAGE

NEW MILFORD TOWNSHIP SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY PENNSYLVANIA

C J WINTERBERGER - CIVIL ENGR - SURVEYOR VESTAL, N Y MAY 9, 1975

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APPENDIX F

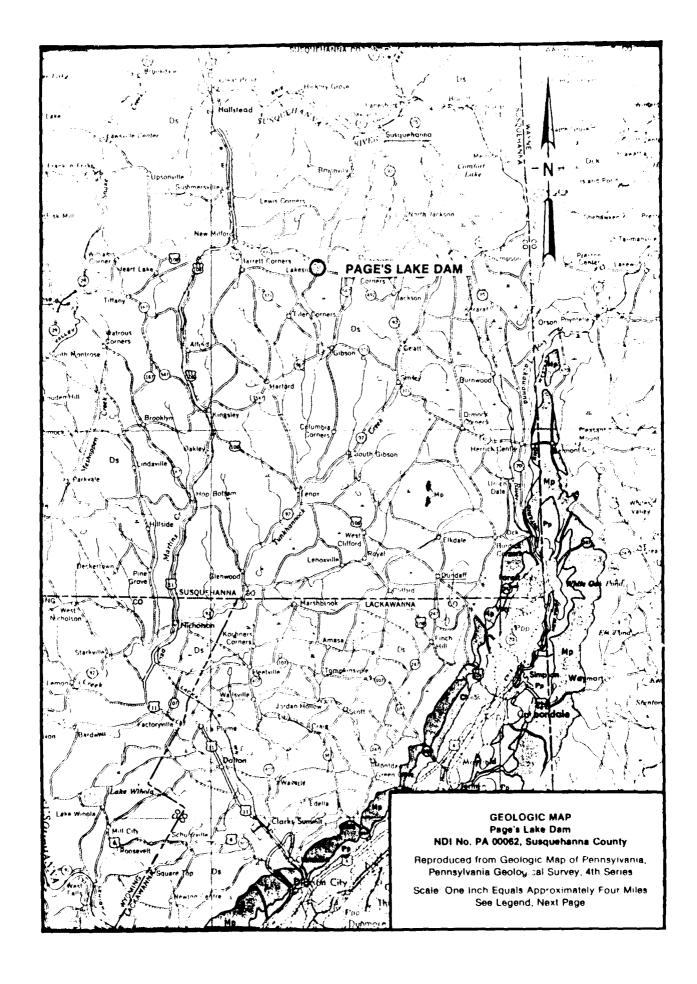
REGIONAL GEOLOGY

PAGE'S LAKE DAM NDI No. PA 00062, PennDER No. 58-5

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

Page's Lake Dam is situated in the Glaciated Low Plateaus physiographic province. The area has undergone at least three stages of glaciation and is presently covered with Wisconsin Stage glacial deposits. According to the Soil Conservation Service's Soil Survey for Susquehanna County, the surface soils consist primarily of stoney, silt loams of the Morris-Wellsboro-Volusia association. No test boring data were available for review on this project, thus, the thickness of this overburden could not be ascertained.

Geologic references indicate that the bedrock in the vicinity of the dam consists primarily of members of the Catskill Formation in the Susquehanna Group. These are chiefly red and gray shales and sandstones of Upper Devonian age. The formation may also contain scattered, thin streaks of coal and scattered fish remains. The strata in the Page's Lake area were deposited in a bay or delta front environment and remain essentially horizontal after the Appalachian Uplift.



GEOLOGY MAP LEGEND

DEVONIAN **UPPER**

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA



Oswayo Formation

Sawayo rounaion (creeshyraphics, missionesima sand-lones becoming increasingly shifts westward considered requisitent to type Danayo Riccitle Fermation be at Ericard Crawtord Country and admissibility of the country of the data of the country of the data of



Cattaraugus Formation

Secretary was a virtuation.

Red, gray, and by un abust and marketons with the proportion of red dicterving with most of modern beautiful to modern beautiful to and a finite want of the modern beautiful to a finite with the modern beautiful to a modern beautiful to a medium the modern beautiful to a medium to a medium the modern of the



Conneaut Group

Allernating gray, brown, greenish and purplish shales and siltstones, includes pink row of dislices and "Chimany and "Grard" Formations of northwese, een Pennsylvania



Canadaway Formation

Alternating brown shales and sandstones includes "Portage". Formation of north-western Percentistania.



Oswaye Formation

OSWAYI COMALION.

Krowaish and greenish gray, fine and motion grained sandstones with some shifts and content of salaronous linguistics and halfs which become more manifests of though the Relation to type.

Observe not proved.

CENTRAL AND EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA



Catskill Formation

Chierly sed to bis unitab shales and sand-stones in ludes gray and greenish sand stone forgues named Elk Mountain, Honestale Shohola, and Delaware Kiver in the case



Susquehanna Group



Marine beds

matting neals of Gray to alive brown shales, graywackes, and simulatories, contains "Cheming" beds and Troitage bels including Bucket, Buller Harrell, and Terimmers Rock, Tulsy Limestone at base.

Barbed line is "Chiming Catshill can-inc of Second Prinsylvinia Surey County reports birbs on Chiming" side of lists.

MIDDLE AND LOWER



Mahantango Formation

Brown to olive shale with interbedded sundstones which are dominant in places (Montebello), highly finsitylerous in upper just, contains "Centerfield coral bed" in eastern Pennsylvania.



Hack, fissile, carbonaccous shale with thick, brown sandstone (Turkey Ridge) in parts of central Pennsylvania.



Onondaga Formation
Greenish blue, thin bedded shale and dark
blue to black, medium bedded timestone
with shale oredominant in most places,
welludes Scientificate Limestone and Need
more Shale in contral Pennsylvania is,
Hattermith Falls Limestone and Esopus
Shale in scatternmost Pennsylvania, in
Leshih Gup area includes Palmerton
Sandstone and Bowmanstown Chert.





DA

Hamilton Group

Onondaga Formation



Oriskany Formation

White to brown, the to course grained, but the brown, the to course grained, but the collisions of the foodly conditions and state the top, dark grain, therefore and sandstones with some interfedict shales and sandstones below (Server).



Helderberg Formation

stemeriory cormstion

Dark gray, and arrows, thin bedded shale
(Mondata) at the top, equivalent to Port

Keen Shale and Recurit Lancations in the

east dark groy, checks, thin bedded,

Jossiljerous limestones in the middle

and at the base dark gray, nedium to

think bedded, expetibline limistone

Commissions, soundy and shaly in places with

some chief modules.

